



LOCAL INTERNATIONAL TARIFF

RULES, RATES AND CHARGES

APPLICABLE

TO

TRANSPORTATION OF PASSENGERS AND BAGGAGE OR GOODS

BETWEEN POINTS IN CANADA ON THE ONE HAND

AND

POINTS OUTSIDE OF CANADA ON THE OTHER HAND

ISSUED BY

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For explanation of abbreviations, reference marks and symbols used but not explained hereon, see Page 4.

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CHECK SHEET

Original and revised pages as named below, contain all changes from the original tariff, effective as of the date shown thereon:

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**EXPLANATION OF ABBREVIATIONS,
REFERENCE MARKS AND SYMBOLS**

CTA..... Canadian Transportation Agency

Cont'd Continued

No..... Number

\$..... Dollar(s)

[R] Denotes reductions

[A] Denotes increases

[C] Denotes changes which result in neither increases or reductions

[X] Denotes cancellation

[N] Denotes addition

CAD Canadian

N/A..... Not Applicable

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RULE 1. DEFINITIONS

In this tariff, the following words shall have meanings set out below:

"Baggage" means luggage or such articles, effects or other personal property of a passenger or passengers as are necessary or appropriate for wear, use, comfort or convenience in connection with the flight.

"Canada" means the ten provinces of Canada, the Yukon Territory, the Districts and Islands comprising the Northwest Territories of Canada and Nunavut.

"Carrier" means North Star Air Ltd.

"Live Flight" means the movement of an aircraft with payload from the point of take-off to the first point of landing thereafter (intermediate technical or fuel stops excepted).

"Charterer" means a person, firm, corporation, association, partnership, or other legal entity who contracts for the transportation of passengers and baggage, or goods and/or property from a specified origin to a specified destination, for a particular itinerary, agreed upon in advance.

"Destination" means the point to which the passengers or goods to be transported on a flight are bound.

"Ferry Flight" means the movement of an aircraft without payload to position the aircraft to perform a flight or upon completion of a flight to position the aircraft to a point required by the carrier.

"Goods" means anything that can be transported by air including animals.

"Montreal Convention" means the Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules Relating to International Carriage by Air, signed at Montreal, May 28, 1999.

"Origin" means the point from which a flight commences with payload to be transported.

"Passenger" means a person, other than a member of the air crew who uses the air carrier's domestic service by boarding the air carrier's aircraft pursuant to a valid contract.

"SDR" means Special Drawing Rights issued by the International Monetary Fund

"Traffic" means any passengers or goods that are transported by air.

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"**United States of America**" means the states of the United States of America and its territories and possessions.

"**Warsaw Convention**" means the Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules Relating to International Carriage by Air, signed at Warsaw, October 12, 1929, as amended, but not including the Montreal Convention as defined above

RULE 2. APPLICATION OF TARIFF

- (1) This tariff is applicable to the transportation of passengers and their baggage or goods using aircraft operated by North Star Air Ltd.
- (2) An air service will be furnished under the terms of this tariff only after an appropriate written air transportation contract, in the form prescribed by North Star Air Ltd., is executed by the charterer and the carrier.
- (3) Air transportation shall be subject to the rules, rates and charges published or referred to in this tariff in effect, by virtue of the effective date on each page, on the date of signing of the air transportation contract.
- (4) The contents of this tariff shall form part of the air transportation contract between the carrier and the charterer and in the event of any conflict between this tariff and the contract this tariff shall prevail.

RULE 3. CURRENCY

Rates and charges are published in the lawful currency of Canada. Where payment is made in any currency other than Canadian, such payment shall be the equivalent of the Canadian dollar amounts published in this tariff on the basis of local banker's rates of exchange as calculated on the date of signing the air transportation contract.

RULE 4. MILEAGE DETERMINATION

For the purpose of computing rates and charges herein, the mileage to be used, including both live and ferry (if any) mileage, will be the shortest mileage covering the actual airport to airport great circle distance of the agreed flight or flights, using the following sources in the order listed below:

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- (1) Flite Star commercial flight planning software.
- (2) Air Distance Manual, published jointly by International Air Transport Association and International Aeradio Limited.
- (3) IATA Mileage Manual, published by the International Air Transport Association.
- (4) Skyline (Skyres) Aviation Software.

RULE 5. COMPUTATION OF CHARGES

The total price payable by the party contracting for the use of an aircraft shall be the following:

- (1) An amount determined by multiplying the distance travelled by the aircraft determined in accordance with Rule 4 herein, times the applicable air transportation rate per mile, shown in Table "B", or, where distances cannot be measured, the rate per hour or fraction thereof of the flight(s), times the applicable rate per hour shown in Table "B", provided that the charge for the flight shall not be lower than the minimum charge per flight shown in Table "B".
- (2) An amount obtained by multiplying the distance of the ferry flight(s), if any, determined in accordance with Rule 4 herein times the applicable ferry rate per mile shown in Table "B", or, where distances cannot be measured, times the applicable ferry rate per hour shown in Table "B", provided that the charge per ferry flight shall not be lower than the minimum charge indicated in Table "B", or
- (3) Point to Point Rates as published in Table "A".
- (4) Fuel and/or oil consumed in the performance of a contract shall be charged in the amount by which the cost per litre to the carrier in Canadian currency exceeds \$0.95.
- (5) Due to the inability to foresee actual cost, the following charges will be established at the time that the contract is signed:
 - (a) Loading/unloading of the aircraft.
 - (b) Charges for goods carried outside the aircraft.

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- (c) All charges or expenses incurred by the carrier to cover the cost of accommodation, meals and ground transportation for the air crew whenever the nature of the service to be provided requires said air crew to live away from the place at which it is normally based.
 - (d) Charges for storage.
 - (e) The actual cost of all passenger and/or goods handling charges incurred by the carrier at an airport other than the carrier's base.
 - (f) The actual cost of any special or accessorial services performed or provided on request.
- (6) Layover charges, if any, as set forth in Table "B2", will be assessed by the carrier for holding the aircraft on request at any point on the route in excess of the free waiting time.
 - (7) Landing charges as per Table "B1".
 - (8) Taxiing charges, if any, for the time required to transport passengers and baggage or goods by taxiing from point to point on the surface calculated by multiplying the time required by the rates and charges per hour shown in Table "B".
 - (9) Valuation charges, if any, in accordance with Rule 11 and Rule 12.
 - (10) Additional fees, as quoted on an individual basis, may be charged for unusual circumstances such as, but not limited to, gravel runways, ice strips, ramp fees, etc.

RULE 6. CONDITIONS OF CARRIAGE

(A) Acceptance of Children

- (1) Children under 12 years of age are accepted for transportation when accompanied on the same flight and in the same compartment by a passenger at least 16 years of age.
- (2) Ages 8 to 11 inclusive will be carried unaccompanied on flights providing: the child is brought to the airport by a parent or responsible adult; the child has satisfactory evidence establishing his/her age on the date of commencement of carriage; the child possesses written information showing the name and address of the responsible adult

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meeting the child at destination; and prior to releasing custody of an unaccompanied child, the agent will obtain positive identification of the responsible party meeting the child and the signature of the said party.

- (3) The carrier will not assume any financial or guardianship responsibility for unaccompanied children beyond those applicable to an adult passenger.

(B) Exemption from Liability

Subject to the limits of liability contained in this tariff the carrier will be exempted from liability due to any failure to perform any of its obligations under the carrier's charter agreement arising from:

- (1) Labour disputes or strikes, whether of the carrier's employees or of others upon whom the carrier relies for the fulfilment of the flight agreement, and;
- (2) "**Force Majeure**", or any other causes not attributable to the wilful misconduct of the carrier including accidents to, or failure of aircraft or any part thereof, of any machinery or apparatus used in connection therewith. Refusal of a Government or public body, on what ever grounds, to grant the carrier any clearance, licence, right or other permission necessary for the performance of the carrier's operation is deemed to be included in the term "Force Majeure". Provided, always, that in the event of such failure, the carrier will use its best efforts to fulfil its obligations including the provision of alternate means of transport.

(C) Medical Clearance

The carrier reserves the right to require a medical clearance if travel involves any unusual risk or hazard to the passenger or to other persons (including, in cases of pregnant passengers, unborn children).

(D) Refusal to Transport

- (1) The carrier will refuse passage to any person when:
 - Such action is necessary for reasons of safety;
 - Such action is necessary to prevent violation of any applicable law, regulation or order of any country or possession to be flown over.

- (2) The carrier will refuse to transport, or will remove at any point, any passenger whose actions or inactions prove to the carrier that his/her mental or physical condition is such as to render him/her incapable of caring for himself/herself without assistance, unless he/she is accompanied by an attendant who will be responsible for caring for him/her en route and, with the care of such an attendant, he/she will not require attention or assistance from employees of the carrier beyond the services normally provided by the carrier.

(E) Space and Weight Limitations

Passengers and baggage or goods will be carried within space and weight limitations of the aircraft.

(F) Schedules/delays

The carrier shall use its best efforts to carry the passengers and baggage with reasonable dispatch. Times shown in charter contracts, passenger tickets or elsewhere are not guaranteed and form no part of the charter contract. Flight times are subject to change without notice.

RULE 7. CARRIAGE OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

(A) Acceptance for Carriage

The carrier will make its best effort to accommodate passengers with disabilities including their service animals or other mobility aids on the same flight; however, certain mobility aids, for example rigid frame wheelchairs or electric wheelchairs, may not be able to be accommodated due to space and/or design limitations of the aircraft.

(B) Acceptance of Declaration of Self-reliance

Except for safety-related matters governed by Transport Canada, the carrier will accept the determination made by or on behalf of a person with a disability that the person is self-reliant and does not require services of a personal nature during a flight, such as assistance with eating, personal hygiene, using washroom facilities or taking medication.

(C) Acceptance of Mobility Aids

- (1) The carrier will carry as priority baggage, in the cabin where possible, the following mobility aids:
- (a) a wheelchair (except when aircraft design does not permit carriage of the mobility aid);
 - (b) a walker (except when aircraft design does not permit carriage of the mobility aid), a cane, crutches or braces;
 - (c) a device to facilitate communication; and/or
 - (d) any prosthesis or small medical device.

Where possible, the carrier will allow persons with disabilities to retain any items outlined in b), c), or d) at their seat.

- (2) Where the aircraft design does not permit the carriage of the aid, the carrier will advise the person with a disability of alternate transportation arrangements that the person may make to transport the aid, or to travel with the aid.
- (3) Providing the aircraft can carry the aid, the carrier will:
- (a) disassemble and package, where necessary, the aid for transportation and assemble the aid upon arrival; and
 - (b) return the aid promptly upon arrival.
- (4) Where the facilities, the tarmac, and the weather conditions permit, the carrier will allow a manually-operated wheelchair to be used to reach:
- (a) the boarding gate;
 - (b) the stairs of the aircraft; or
 - (c) the door of the aircraft (for aircraft accessible via a boarding system).

(D) Acceptance of Service Animals

The carrier will accept for transportation, a service animal required to assist a person with a disability provided the animal is properly harnessed and certified in writing, as being trained by a professional service animal institution. The carrier will permit the service animal to accompany the person with a disability on-board and to remain on the floor at the passenger's seat or, where there is insufficient floor space at the passenger's seat, to remain on the floor in an area where the person can still exercise

control over the animal. The carrier will avoid separating persons with disabilities from their service animal.

(E) Accessible Seating

The carrier will provide the person with a disability with the most accessible seat on the aircraft. The carrier will consult the person to determine which seat is the most accessible to meet specific disability-related needs.

(F) Services to be Provided

At time of reservation

When a person identifies himself/herself as a person with a disability, the carrier will:

- (1) describe the type of equipment and services available to accommodate persons with disabilities;
- (2) discuss both the level of accessibility and the limitations of the aircraft, the tarmac, the facilities and the availability of boarding equipment for the available services to accommodate that person's disability-related needs; and
- (3) note, and offer to confirm in writing, services to be provided as soon as possible after the reservation has been made and before the flight.

At the time of travel

- (1) Where a request for a service is made in advance of travel, the assistance provided by the carrier will include:
 - (a) assistance at check-in;
 - (b) assistance to reach the boarding area;
 - (c) assistance to board and deplane;
 - (d) assistance with baggage;
 - (e) assistance to transfer to/from a mobility aid;
 - (f) assistance to transfer to/from a passenger seat;
 - (g) inquiring, from time to time after check-in, about the needs of a person who is not independently mobile and attending to those needs when the services required are usually provided by the carrier;
 - (h) limited assistance with beverages and snacks – such as opening packages and identifying items;
 - (i) assistance to proceed to the general public area or to a representative of another carrier;

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(j) any additional service to accommodate a person's disability-related needs.

(3) If the request for these services is not made in advance of travel, the carrier will make every effort to provide the service.

(G) Liability of Carrier Respecting Mobility Aids

Where a carrier has transported a person's mobility aid, and the aid is damaged during flight or is unavailable at destination, the carrier will:

- (1) provide the person with a suitable replacement aid;
- (2) if the carrier cannot promptly provide a suitable replacement aid, assist the person in finding a suitable temporary replacement; and
- (3) if a suitable replacement aid is not available within a reasonable amount of time, make every effort to find, with the person, an equitable resolution to the situation.

RULE 8. ACCEPTANCE OF BAGGAGE OR GOODS

- (1) All baggage or goods presented for transportation is/are subject to inspection by the carrier.
- (2) Articles of baggage or goods will not be carried when such articles are likely to endanger the aircraft, persons or property, are likely to be damaged by air carriage, are unsuitably packed, or the carriage of which would violate any applicable Canadian laws, regulations, or orders.
- (3) If the weight, size or character of baggage or goods renders such baggage or goods unsuitable for carriage on the aircraft, the carrier, prior to departure of the flight, will refuse to carry such baggage or goods or any part thereof. The following articles will be carried only with prior consent of the carrier:
 - (a) Firearms of any description. Firearms for sport purposes may be carried as baggage provided the passenger possesses the required permit/licence and, provided that such firearms are disassembled or packed in a suitable case. The provisions of this subparagraph do not apply to Peace Officers' prescribed sidearms or other similar weapons.
 - (b) Explosives, munitions, corrosives and articles which easily ignite.
 - (c) (*) Pets including, dogs, cats and birds, when properly crated in sturdy and secure leakproof containers and accompanied by valid health certificates or other documents where these are required. Such pets

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and animals may be carried in the cargo compartment of the aircraft. Each animal kennel is subject to a \$75.00 (tax inclusive) fee. Kennel may weight no more than 80lbs (animals included). In the case where the animal is not met upon arrival it will be returned to sender and a \$200.00 charge will apply. (*) Not applicable to service animals.

RULE 9. REFUNDS

- (1) Application for refund shall be made to the carrier or its duly authorized Agent.
- (2) If a portion of the agreed transportation has been completed, refund will be the difference between the fare (if permitted by the fare type), rate or charge paid and the fare, rate or charge applicable to that portion of the agreed transportation completed, less any applicable cancellation charges, as specified in this tariff.

RULE 10. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY – PASSENGERS

For travel governed by the Montreal Convention

For the purpose of international carriage governed by the Montreal Convention, the liability rules set out in the Montreal Convention are fully incorporated herein and shall supersede and prevail over any provisions of this tariff which may be inconsistent with those rules.

For travel governed by the Warsaw Convention

Carriage hereunder is subject to the rules and limitations relating to liability established by the Warsaw Convention unless such carriage is not "international carriage", as defined by the Warsaw Convention. However, the carrier with respect to all international transportation, as defined in the said Convention, performed by it, agrees that the limit of liability for each passenger for death or wounding or other personal injury shall be limited to proven damages not to exceed the sum of SDR 100,000 exclusive of legal fees and cost.

For travel governed by either the Montreal Convention or the Warsaw Convention

Nothing herein shall be deemed to affect the rights and liabilities of the carrier with regard to any person who has willfully caused damage which resulted in death, wounding, or other bodily injury of a passenger.

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RULE 11. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY – BAGGAGE OR GOODS AND EXCESS VALUATION CHARGES**For travel governed by the Montreal Convention**

For the purpose of international carriage governed by the Montreal Convention, the liability rules set out in the Montreal Convention are fully incorporated herein and shall supersede and prevail over any provisions of this tariff which may be inconsistent with those rules. NOTE: Notwithstanding the normal carrier liability, as contained in this Rule, the limit of liability will be waived for claims involving the loss of, damage to, or delay in delivery of mobility aids, when such items have been accepted as checked baggage or otherwise. In the event that a mobility aid is lost or damaged, compensation is to be based on the cost of the repair or replacement value of the mobility aid.

For travel governed by the Warsaw Convention

Carrier liability for the loss of, damage to or delay in the delivery of any personal property, including baggage which are carried as checked baggage and goods, is limited to the sum of 250 francs per kilogram, unless the passenger or charterer, at the time of presenting such baggage or goods for transportation, has declared a higher value and paid an additional charge in accordance with the provisions of this Rule.

Regarding objects of which the passenger takes charge himself/herself the liability of the carrier is limited to 5,000 francs per passenger.

NOTE: Notwithstanding the normal carrier liability, as contained in this Rule, the limit of liability will be waived for claims involving the loss of, damage to, or delay in delivery of mobility aids, when such items have been accepted as checked baggage or otherwise. In the event that a mobility aid is lost or damaged, compensation is to be based on the cost of the repair or replacement value of the mobility aid.

In the case of loss, damage or delay of part of property carried as checked baggage, the weight to be taken into consideration in determining the amount to which the carrier's liability is limited shall be only the total weight of the property lost, damaged or delayed. Nevertheless, when the loss, damage or delay of a part of the property affects the value of other property covered by the same baggage check, the total weight of the property covered by the baggage check shall also be taken into consideration in determining the limit of liability.

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The monetary unit referred to in this Rule shall be deemed to refer to the gold franc referred to in the Carriage by Air Act, R.S., c. C-26. For the purpose of settlement of claims and in the event of an action against the carrier, any sum in francs shall be converted into Canadian dollars by:

- (a) converting francs into Special Drawing Rights at the rate of one Special Drawing Right for 15.075 francs; and
- (b) converting Special Drawing Rights into Canadian dollars at the rate established by the International Monetary Fund.

The rate of exchange for converting Special Drawing Rights into Canadian dollars shall be the rate prevailing on the date on which the amount of any damage to be paid by the carrier is ascertained by a court or, in the event a settlement is agreed between carrier and claimant, on the date settlement is agreed.

NOTE: At the time of filing of this tariff provision, 250 francs convert to approximately CAD \$33.00 and 5,000 francs convert to approximately CAD \$660.00. These converted values are provided for general reference only. Carrier's liability will be calculated for each claim individually, based on the formula set out in this Rule

For travel governed by the Montreal Convention or the Warsaw Convention

If the passenger or charterer does elect to declare a higher value an additional charge shall be payable and the carrier's liability will not exceed the higher value declared. The additional charge shall be calculated as follows:

- (a) The amount of the carrier's liability calculated in accordance with the parts of this Rule set out above shall be referred to as "basic carrier liability";
- (b) No charge shall be payable on that part of the declared value which does not exceed basic carrier liability;
- (c) For that part of the declared value which does exceed basic carrier liability, a charge shall be payable at the rate of CAD 300 cents for each CAD \$100.00 or fraction thereof.

Whether the passenger or charterer declares value or not, in no case shall the carrier's liability exceed the actual loss suffered by the passenger. All claims are subject to proof of amount of loss.

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In the case of damage or partial loss, the person entitled to delivery must complain to the carrier forthwith after discovery of the damage or partial loss, and, at the latest, within seven days from the date of receipt of the baggage. In the case of delay, the complaint must be made at the latest within twenty-one days from the date on which the baggage has been placed at his disposal. In the case of loss, the complaint must be made at the latest within twenty-one days from the date the baggage should have been delivered. Every complaint, whether for loss, partial loss, damage or delay, must be made in writing and must be dispatched within the times aforesaid. Failing complaint within the times aforesaid, no action shall lie against the carrier.

RULE 12. SUBSTITUTION OF AIRCRAFT(*)

- (1) When, due to causes beyond the control of the carrier, the aircraft contracted for is unavailable at the time the air transportation commences or becomes unavailable while carrying out such transportation the carrier may furnish another aircraft of the same type or, with the consent of the party contracting for the use of the aircraft, substitute any other type of aircraft if the rates and charges for the new aircraft are the same as for the original aircraft, except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3).
- (2) When the substituted aircraft is capable of a larger payload than the original aircraft contracted, the payload carried in the substituted aircraft will not be greater than the payload which would have been available in the aircraft originally contracted, unless the party contracting for the use of the aircraft agrees to pay the rates and charges applicable to the substituted aircraft.
- (3) When the maximum payload of the substituted aircraft is smaller than the maximum payload of the original aircraft contracted, charges will be based on the rates and charges applicable to the type of substituted aircraft.

(*) Applicable when the contract entails the use of the full capacity of the aircraft in question.

RULE 13. PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS

- (1) Payments for a contracted flight made to any person to whom the carrier, directly or indirectly, has paid a commission or has agreed to pay a commission with respect to such flight, shall be considered payment to the carrier.
- (2) Payment in full is required prior to flight.

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RULE 14. CANCELLATION CHARGES

See Rule 14 (2), non-refundable deposit.

RULE 15. PASSENGER RE-ROUTING

The carrier is not liable to any passenger when he/she misses his/her flight. In these instances, no other flight alternative is offered by the carrier to the passenger.

RULE 16. DENIED BOARDING COMPENSATION

The carrier does not overbook flights, therefore, no denied boarding compensation is offered to the passenger.